labour force

1. April 2020

All persons aged at least 15 who have their residence in the Federal Republic of Germany (national concept) and who exercise or seek an activity directly or indirectly geared towards earning money (dependent employees, self-employed, family workers), irrespective of the importance of the income from this occupation for their livelihood and not considering the working time actually performed or to be contractually performed (concept of gainful employment). The labour force is comprised of employed and unemployed persons.

Verwandte Artikel:

- Effects of population changes on the labour market in Germany
  The authors show four scenarios how population changes can effect the labour force potential in Germany and what parameters need to be adjusted accordingly.
- Glossar: labour force potential
  Definition of labour force potential
- Glossar: hidden labour force
  Definition of hidden labour force
- Daughters of migrants often participate in further training
  Participation in vocational further training is unequally distributed among different groups. Migrants daughters often participate in further training. Men, who immigrated themselves, seldom take part in further training,
- Launch of the “European Labour Market Barometer“
  The new "European Labour Market Barometer" reflects the expected short-term development of unemployment and employment in the European labour market.

Zitationshinweis

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Lizenzhinweis

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